

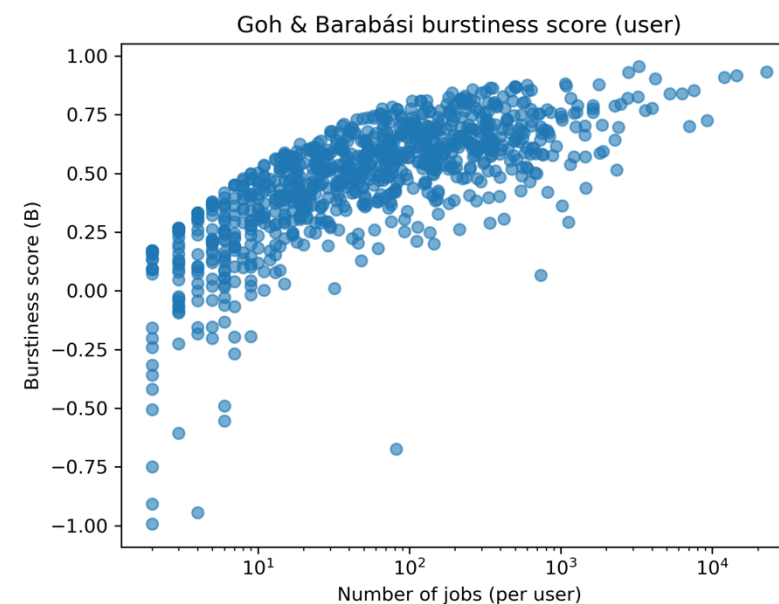
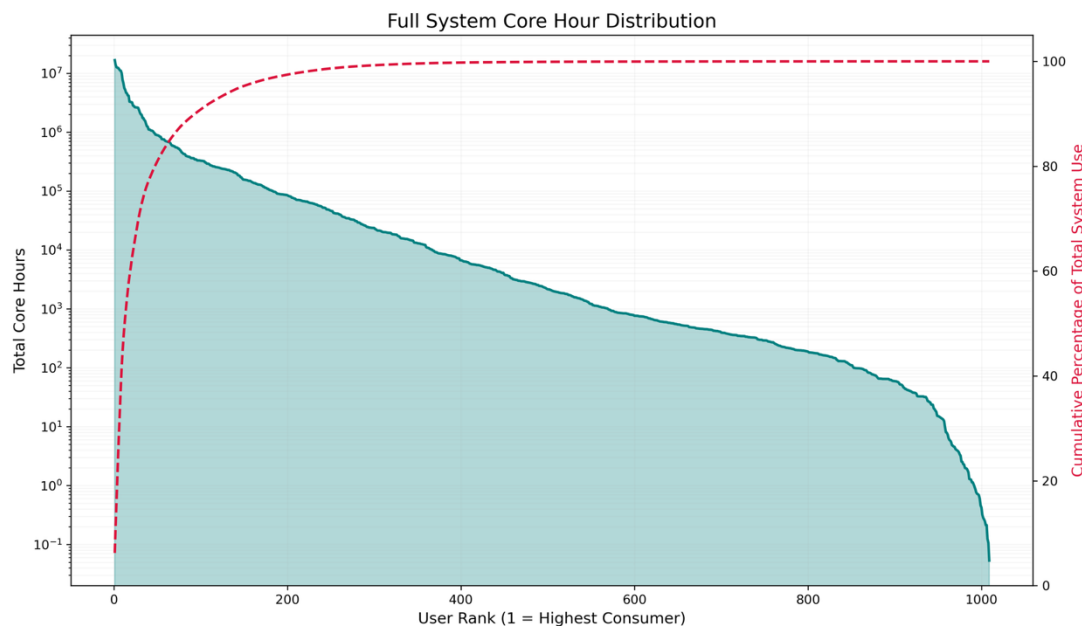
Fairness-Aware Scheduling for Bursty HPC Workloads

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Introduction

- The heaviest users of ALCF Polaris are also the burstiest.
- Roughly 20% of users accounting for over 95% of resources, and the burstiness score rises with submission volume.
- The same small group of users therefore monopolizes capacity.

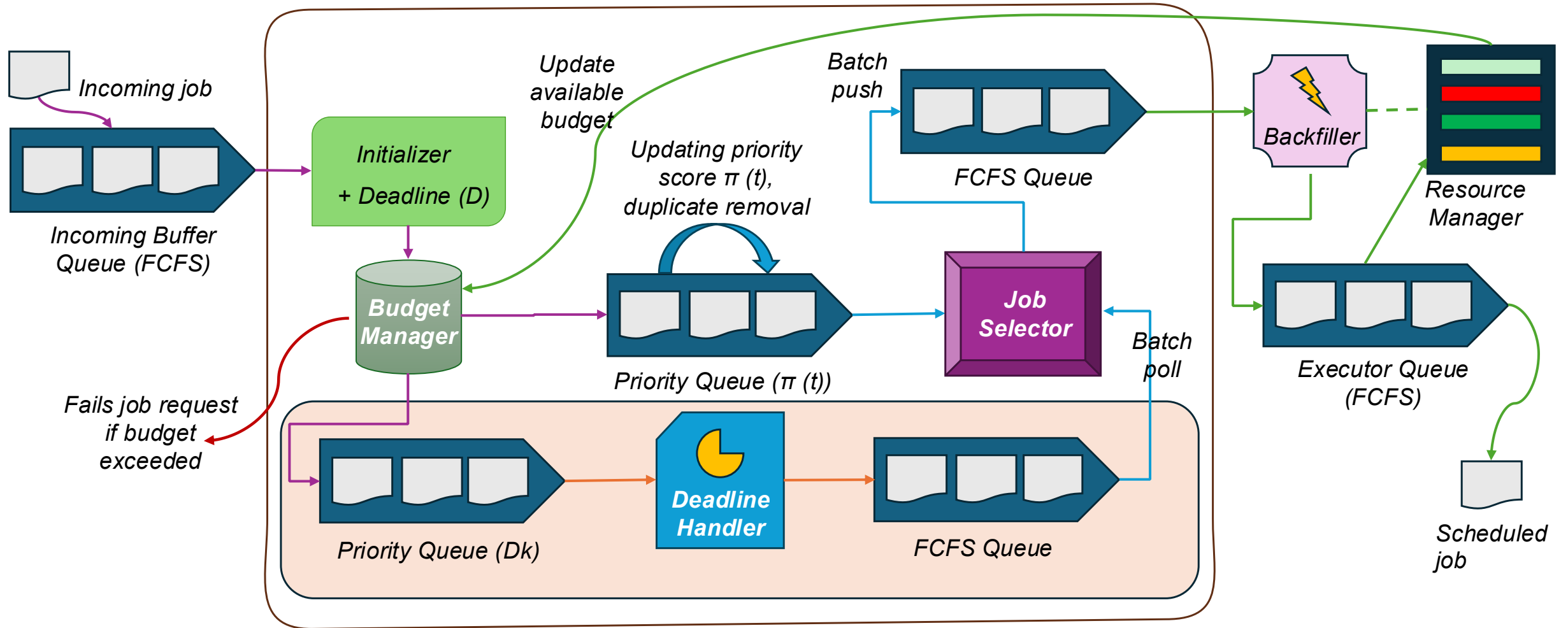


Gaps

- Existing HPC schedulers typically optimize one objective at a time:
 - Simple and efficient, but ignore project-level fairness and urgency (**FIFO / SJF / SDF**)
 - Favor important projects, but may starve lower-priority work (**Priority-based methods**)
 - Improve fairness, but can sacrifice latency or utilization (**WFQ / THEMIS**)
 - Flexible, but depends heavily on manual weighting and **does not directly enforce bounded waiting (SLURM-style multi factor scoring)**
- **HyDRA** is a hybrid deadline and ranking-aware scheduler to ensure **fairness**.
- Dynamic score balances:
 - Project / job priority, waiting age (starvation), resource demand
- Deadline mechanism provides a *bounded-wait / urgency signal* for jobs at risk of excessive delay.

HyDRA Scheduling Framework

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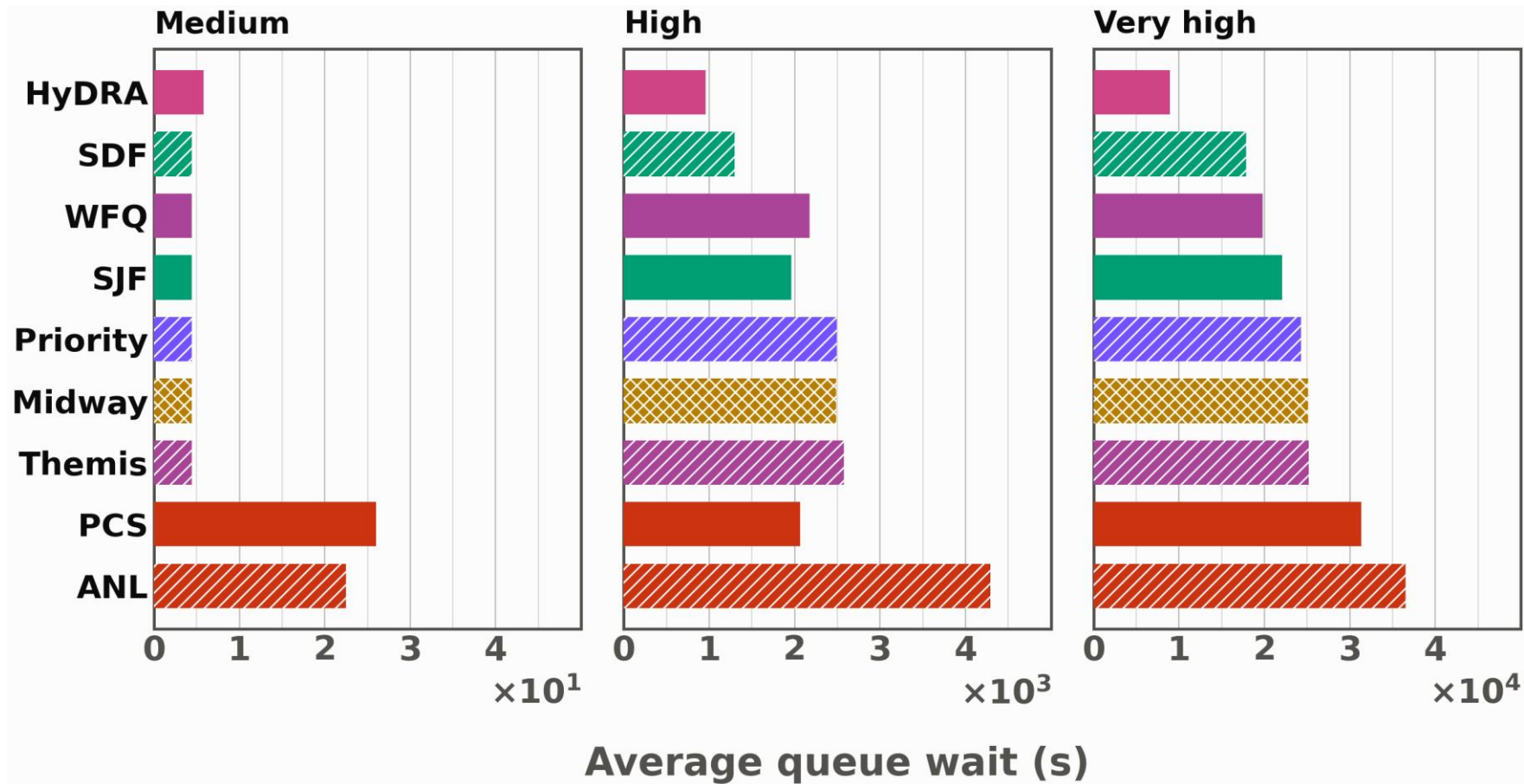
Scheduler Formulation

- **Job:** $J_k = (a_k, R_k, n_k, \rho_k)$
 a_k = arrival time, R_k = runtime, n_k = nodes, ρ_k = priority
- **Service demand:**
 $q_k = R_k \times n_k$
- **Job age at time t:**
 $A_k(t) = t - a_k$
- **Dynamic priority score:**
 $\pi_k(t) = \rho_k (1 + \lambda A_k(t)) / q_k^\gamma$
- **Bounded waiting time:**
 $B_w(k) = \kappa q_k^\gamma / \rho_k$
- **Deadline-critical definition:**
 $D_k = a_k + B_w(k) ; D_k - t \leq \delta$
- **Hyperparameters**
 - Kappa – 10, Lambda – 1.0, Gamma – 0.75, Deadline-threshold – 30

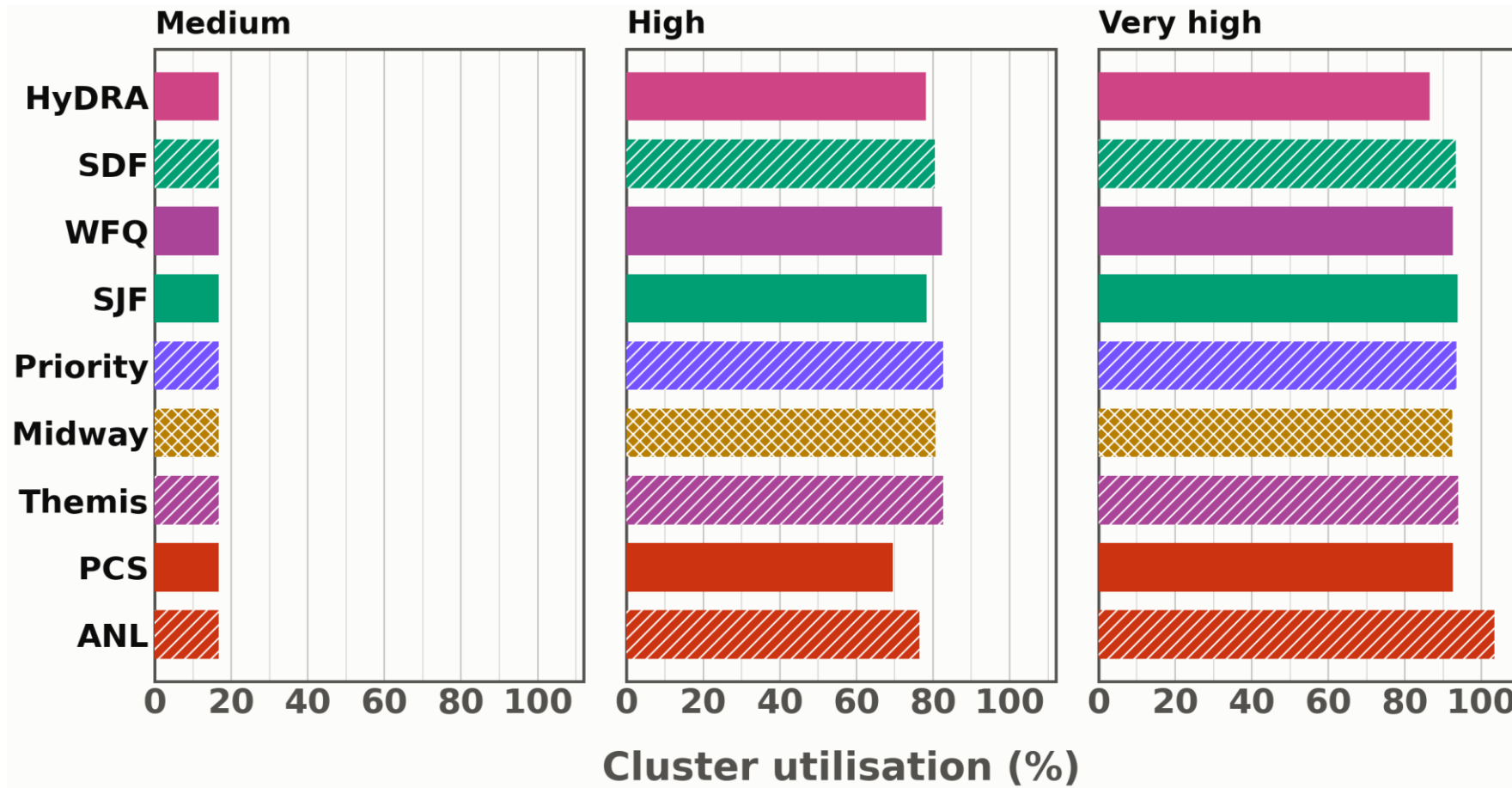
Workloads

- Synthetic workload sampled from ALCF Polaris
 - https://reports.alcf.anl.gov/data/polaris.html#DIM_JOB_COMPOSITE
 - Actual period: 1 year (01/01/2025 - 12/31/2025)
 - Simulated period: 600 seconds
- 3 tiers of workloads were synthesized
 - Medium 30 — 30 project / 146 users / 275 jobs
 - High 100 — 100 project / 347 users / 635 jobs
 - Very High 1000 — 1000 project / 4045 users / 7367 jobs
- Project priority sampled from range 1 to 5
- Numbers of cores requested sampled from 1 to 35776

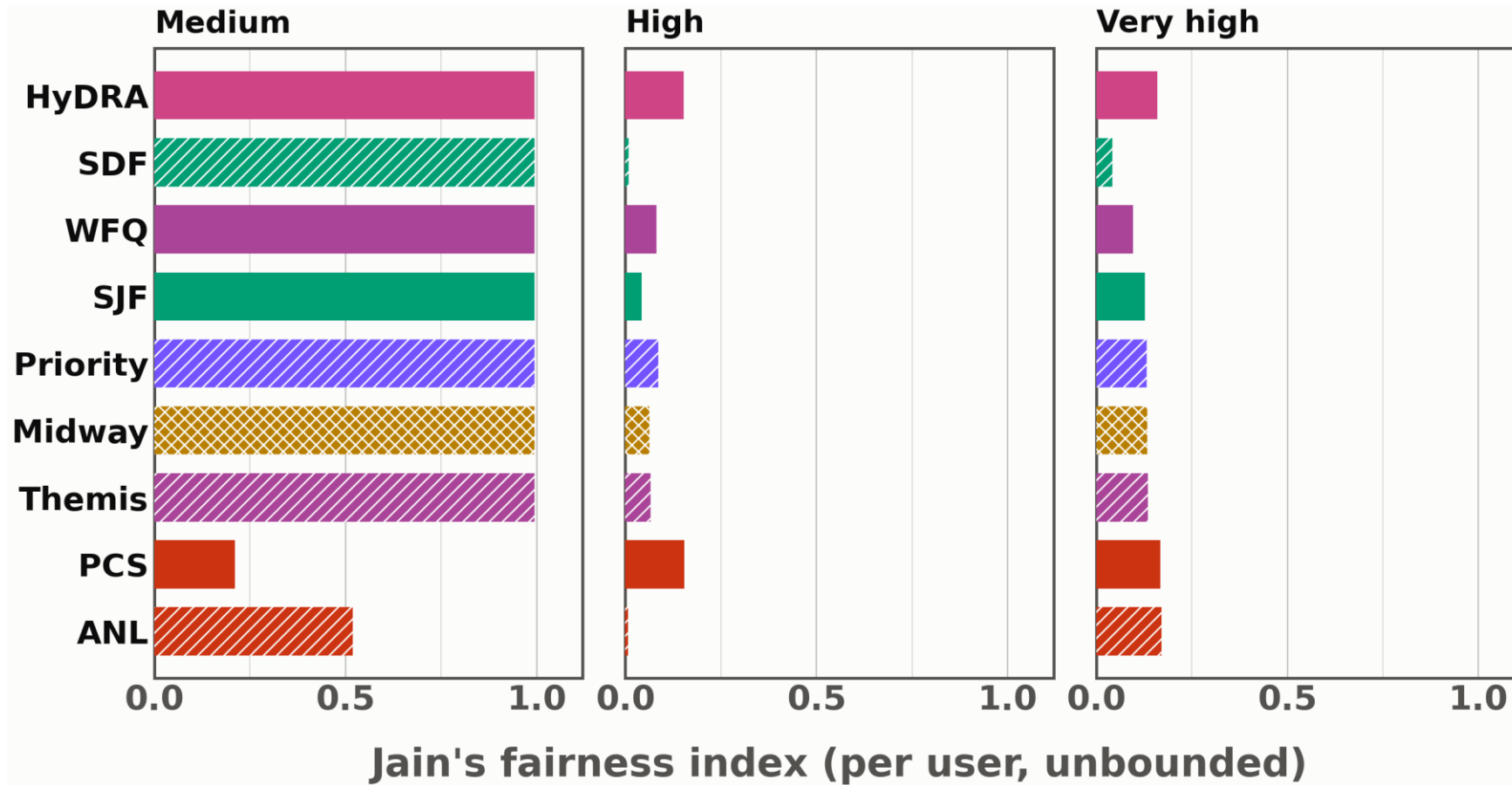
Results 1/3



Results 2/3



Results 3/3



Higher is better.
 $J = 1$ is perfectly fair.

Thank You!

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