
A FAIR Approach to Data and Machine Learning Using *funcX*

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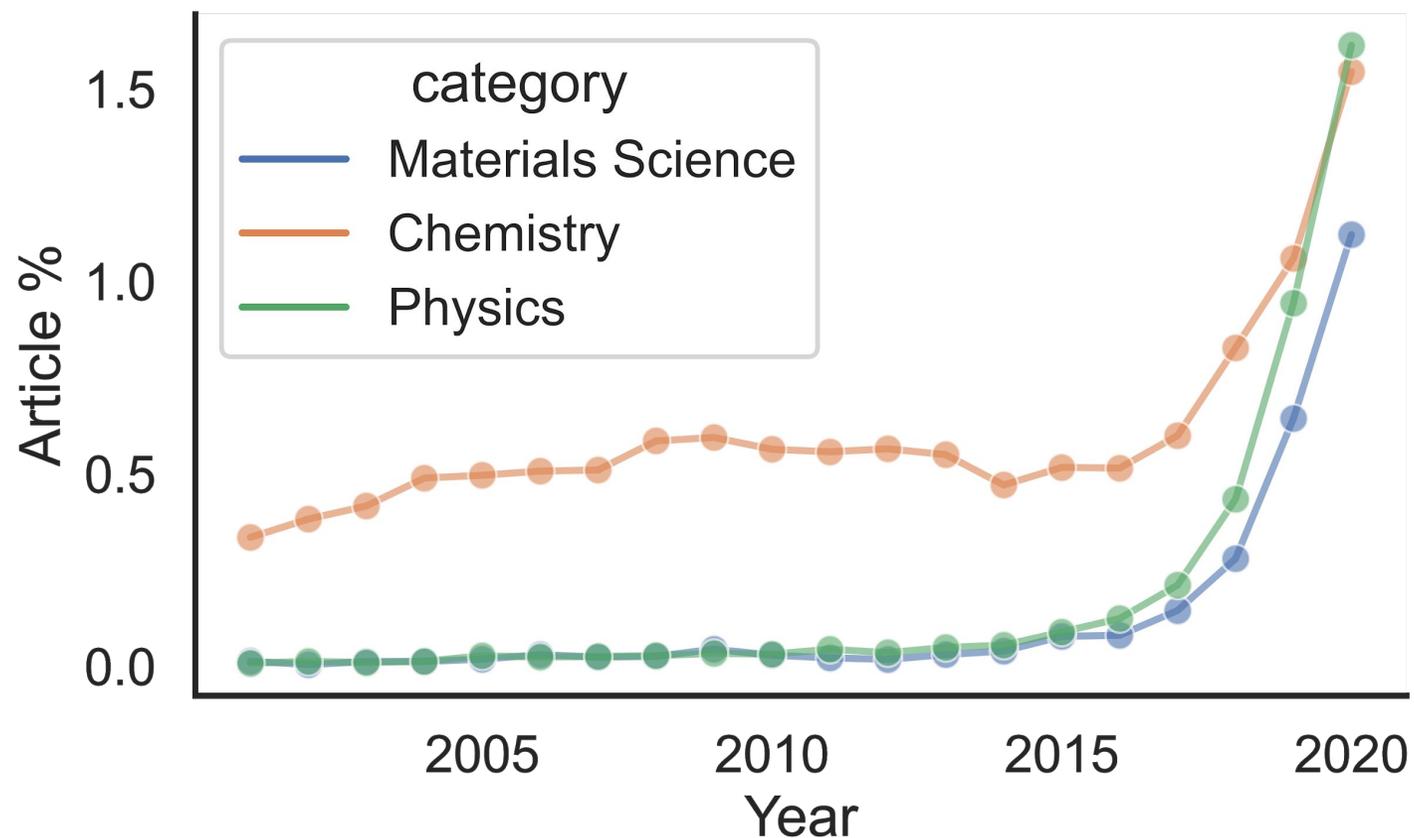


<https://www.dlhub.org>



The Growing Importance of ML and Data in the Sciences

Data and ML are becoming key drivers of scientific progress



Methods and Data:

https://github.com/blaiszik/ml_publication_charts

How do we use these models?

For a given study:

- Where is the code?
- Where are the trained models?
- Where are the training data?
- How can I reproduce these results?

Without all of these pieces, progress is drastically slowed

Need models and data to be FAIR:

Findable
Accessible
Interoperable
Reusable

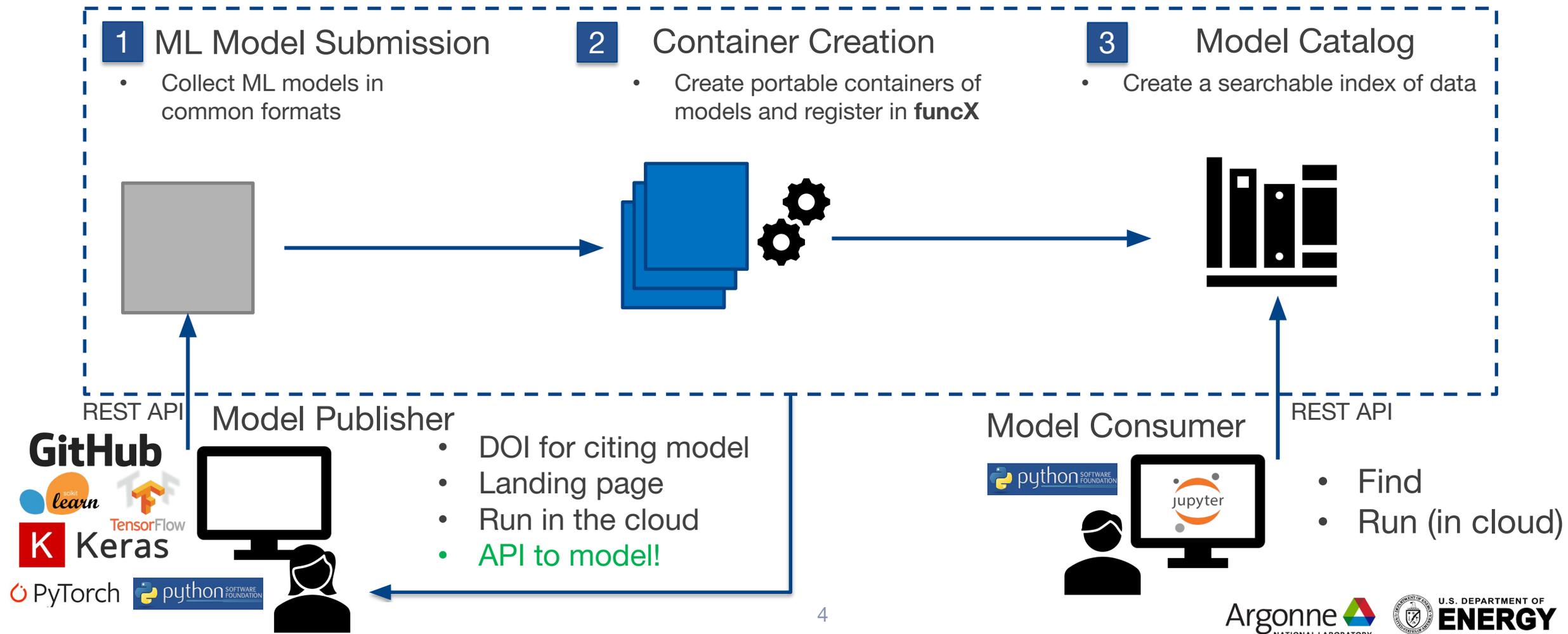
Location of many ML models after a paper is finished



DLHub for FAIR Models



A simple way to find, share, publish, and run machine learning models



DLHub Example

- What if I want to evaluate a model from a paper?

SCIENTIFIC REPORTS

Article | OPEN | Published: 08 November 2018

Real-time coherent diffraction inversion using deep generative networks

Mathew J. Cherukara ✉, Youssef S. G. Nashed & Ross J. Harder

Scientific Reports 8, Article number: 16520 (2018) | Download Citation ↓

DLHub supplies both computational environment and resources

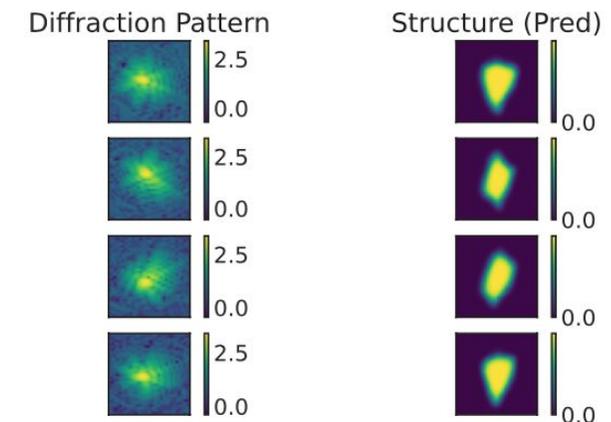
Run

```
structure_model = "npruyne_globusid/cherukara_structure"
phase_model = "npruyne_globusid/cherukara_phase"

# Load testing data
n_test = 10
intensity_threshold = 0.2
X = ft_test[0:n_test].tolist()

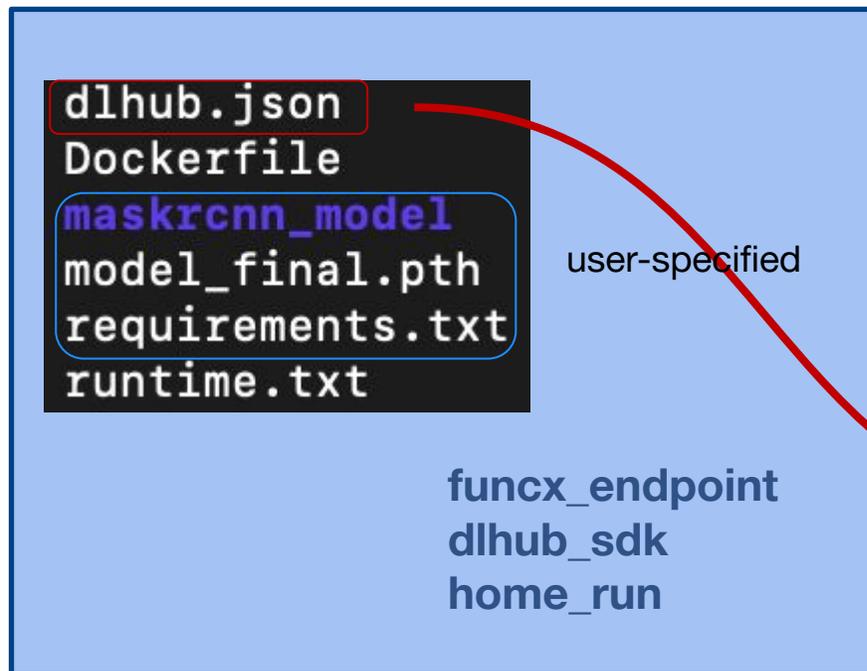
# Call to DLHub to get predictions
intensities = np.asarray(dl.run(structure_model, X))
phases = np.asarray(dl.run(phase_model, X))*2*np.pi-np.pi
```

Plot and Explore



DLHub Containers with funcX

Container



we then register the container and the function `dlhub_run()` with funcX

`dlhub_run(event)`

```
from home_run import create_servable
with open("dlhub.json") as fp:
    shim = create_servable(json.load(fp))
```

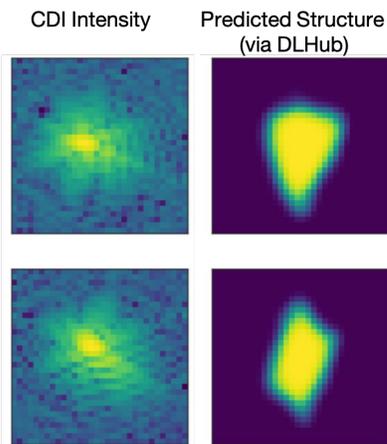
`dlhub.json` contains all servable-specific info

DLHub Use Case Examples

X-Ray Science

- Predict structure and phase of a material given coherent diffraction intensity
- Data available from Github

```
from dlhub_sdk.client import DLHubClient
dl = DLHubClient()
struct = dl.run("cherukara_structure", X)
```

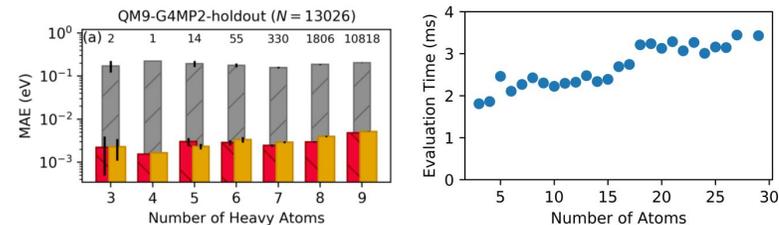


Energy Storage

- Predict molecular energies with G4MP2 accuracy at B3LYP cost
- Data available in MDF

Machine Learning Prediction of Accurate Atomization Energies of Organic Molecules from Low-Fidelity Quantum Chemical Calculations

Logan Ward^{1,2}, Ben Blaiszik^{1,3}, Ian Foster^{1,2,3}, Rajeev S. Assary^{4,5}, Badri Narayanan^{5,6}, Larry Curtiss^{4,5}

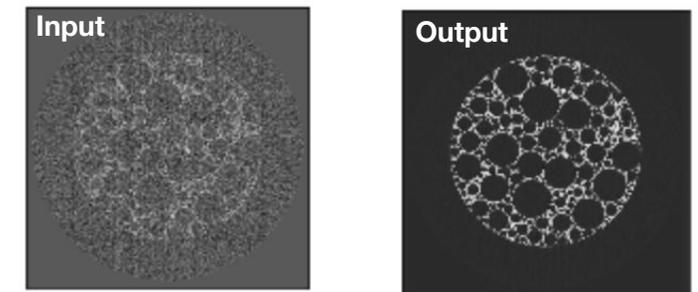


Tomography

- Enhance tomographic scans and remove noise using generative adversarial model
- Example data available on Petrel

TomoGAN: Low-Dose X-Ray Tomography with Generative Adversarial Networks

Zhengchun Liu, Tekin Bicer, Rajkumar Kettimuthu, Doga Gursoy, Francesco De Carlo, Ian Foster



Foundry Concept

- Radically reduce the energy barrier to access curated ML datasets and ML models
- Facilitate reuse, meta-studies, benchmarking, and more
- Long term implications for education

Consumers



```
From foundry import Foundry  
f = Foundry()
```

```
X,y = f.load("dataset1", v="1.0")  
y_pred = f.run("model1", v="1.0", X)
```

- Models run locally or on distributed endpoints
- Capabilities to pull datasets to desired location or move compute to desired location

Science!

Dataset

Function

API layer

API layer

Data Publishers



Data Provider

```
f.data.publish("./"  
"dataset1", v="1.1")
```

Model Publishers



Models / Functions

```
f.model.publish("./"  
"model1", v="1.1")
```



Thank You!



<https://www.dlhub.org>

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Integrative Materials and Design



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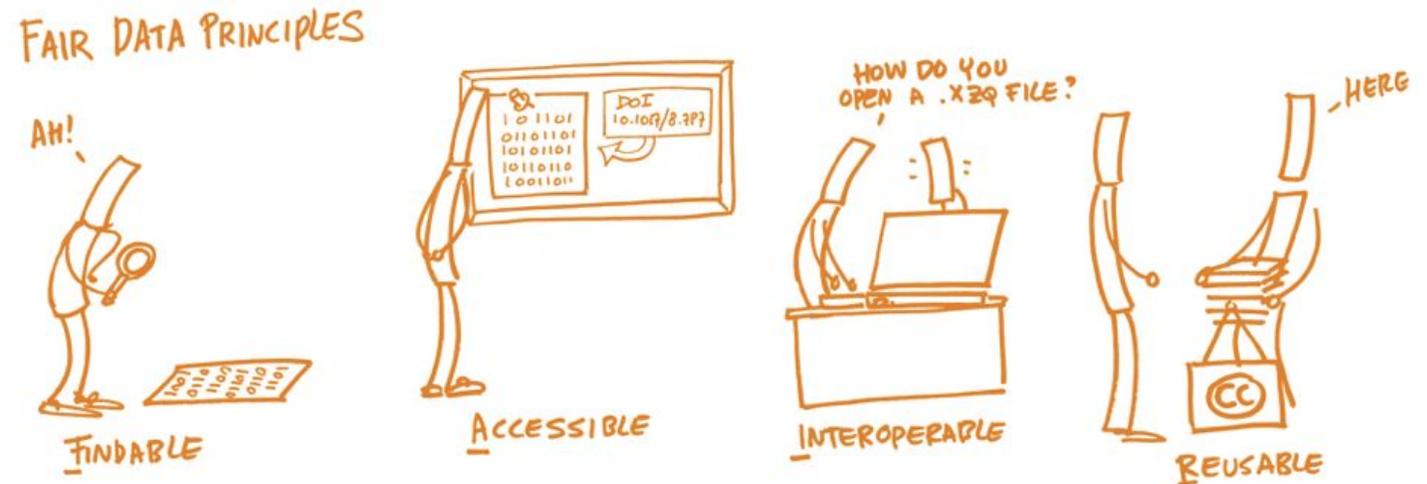
Ben Blaiszik (blaiszik@uchicago.edu)

Backup Slides

What are FAIR Data Principles?

- Findable
- Accessible
- Interoperable
- Reusable

Set of principles to help make data as useful as possible to the community



<https://www.force11.org/group/fairgroup/fairprinciples>

What is the state of FAIR data and ML in materials science?

FAIR Data Principles

Findable

- Data have an identifier
- Data are registered in a searchable resource

Accessible

- Data accessible via identifier
- Data retrievable by open protocols

FAIR Data Principles

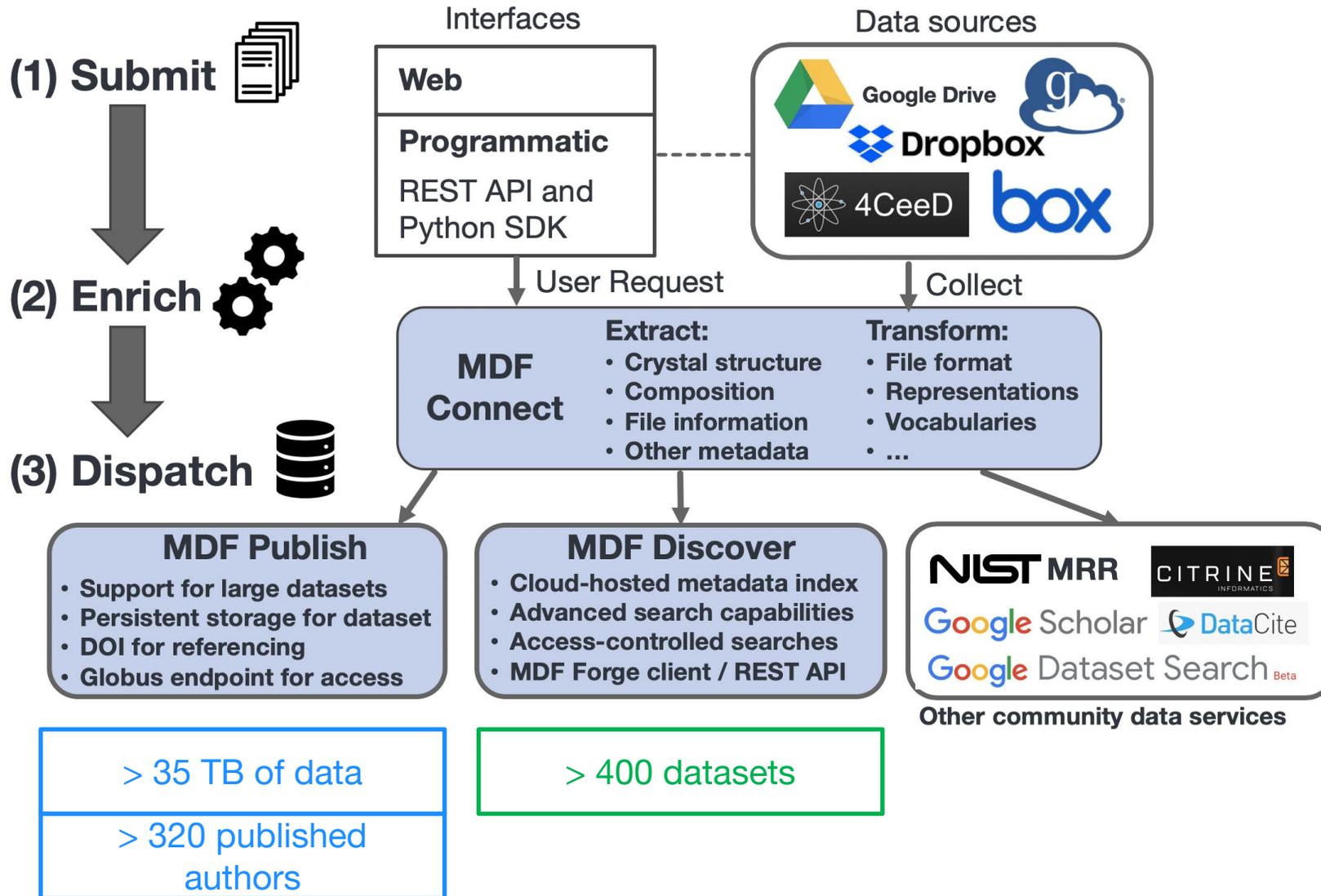
Interoperable

- Data leverage formalized shared vocabularies
- Vocabularies themselves follow FAIR principles

Reusable

- Clear licensing
- Descriptive metadata is sufficient to promote reuse

The Materials Data Facility (MDF)



- **Connect:** Extract domain-relevant metadata / transform the data
- **Publish:** Built to handle big data (many TB, millions of files), provides persistent identifier for data, distributed storage enabled
- **Discover:** Programmatic search index to aggregate and retrieve data across hundreds of indexed data sources

<https://www.materialsdatafacility.org>

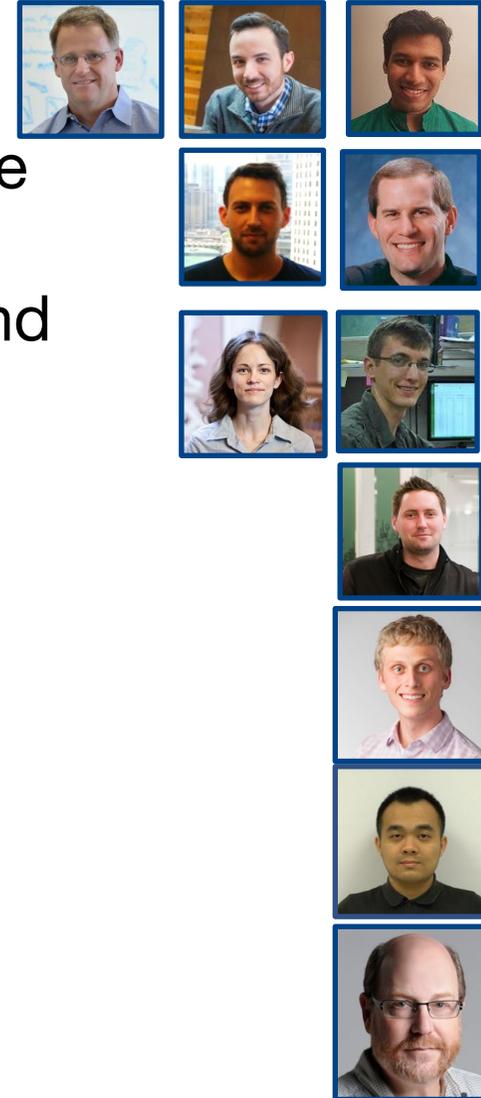
The Materials Data Facility

DATA AND LEARNING HUB FOR SCIENCE (DLHUB)



- Collect, publish, categorize models and pre/post processing code
- Operate models as a service to simplify sharing, consumption, and access
- Identify models with unique and persistent identifiers (e.g., DOI)
- Implement versioning, search, access controls etc.

Goal: Deliver FAIR for ML



DLHub – A Data and Learning Hub for Science

Describe

- Specify the model files
- Mark up the model with information to make it discoverable and usable

```
from dlhub_sdk.models.servables.keras import KerasModel
m = KerasModel.create_model("plb1-example.h5")

m.set_title("CANDLE Pilot 1 - Benchmark 1")
m.set_name("candle_plb1")
m.set_domains("genomics", "biology", "HPC")
```

Publish

- Register with DLHub for containerization as a servable
- DLHub service creates unique endpoint for servable

```
from dlhub_sdk.client import DLHubClient
dl = DLHubClient()
dl.publish(m)
```

Discover

- Discover servables with advanced search capabilities through Python SDK or web UI

Run

- Make predictions by sending data to DLHub and specifying the servable to use

```
from dlhub_sdk.client import DLHubClient
dl = DLHubClient()
pred = dl.run("candle_plb1", data)
```

DOI for model

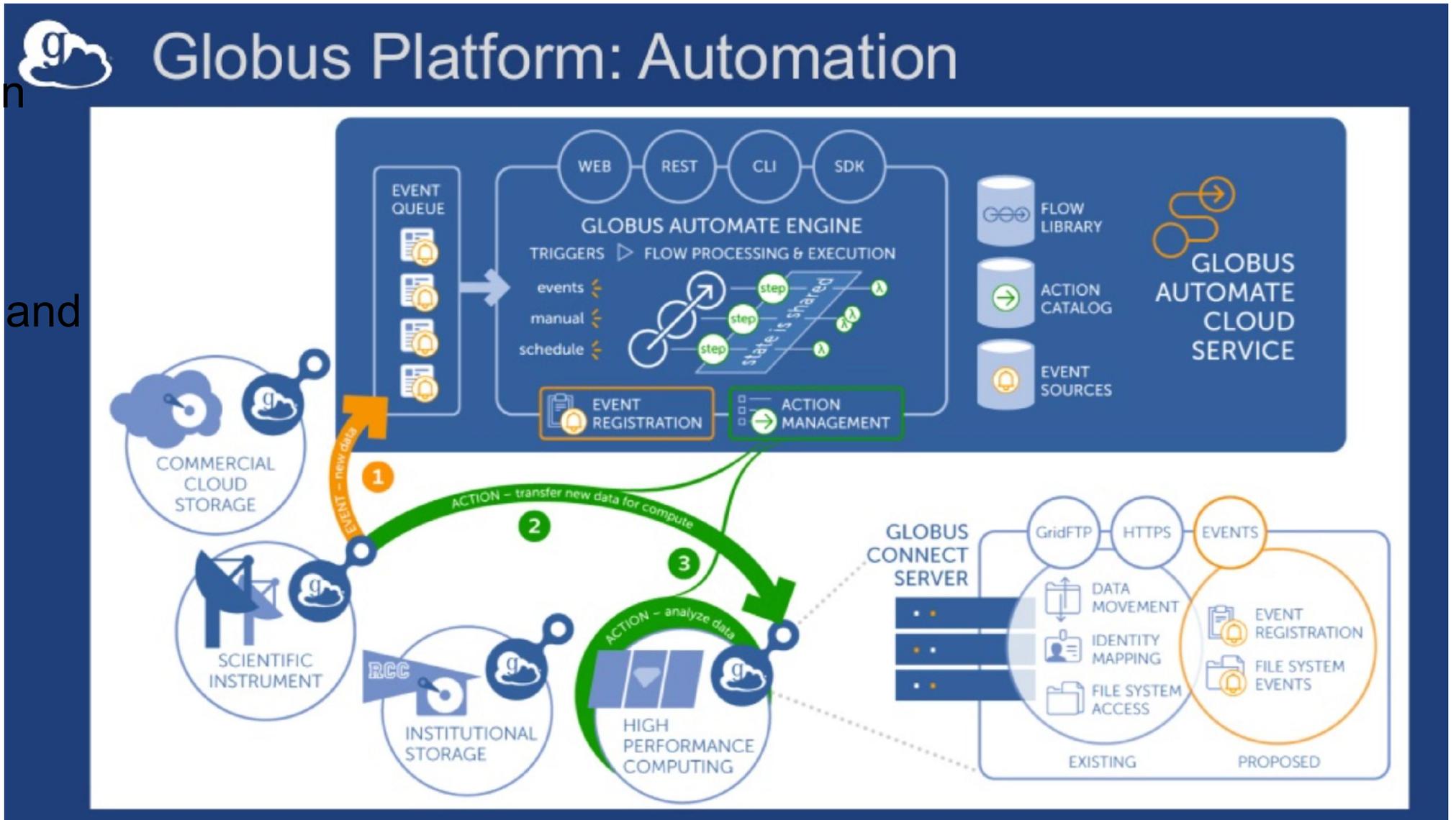
Search index for discovery

Unique endpoint for each model

Python tooling

Ability to run models on distributed compute resources

Building on Globus PaaS



- Authentication
- User groups
- Data staging and movement
- Automation capabilities
- Search