



funcXExecutor

Run Parsl Tasks on Globus Compute Endpoints

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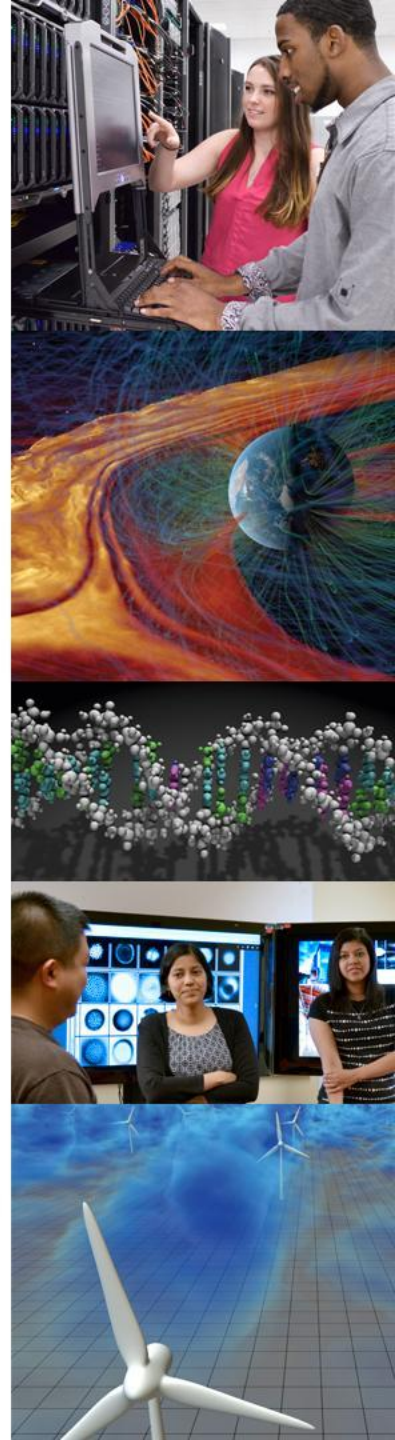
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funcXExecutor

- Goal: Create funcXExecutor
 - Allows users to execute Parsl apps on funcX endpoint
 - Provides Infrastructure for Parsl apps on separate endpoints
 - Enables mobile high performance parallel computing
- Methodologies:
 - Development:
 - Currently creating funcX Executor within Parsl
 - Connecting to singular endpoint
 - pytest suite => ensure behavior is consistent
 - Research:
 - Consulted with Ben Clifford

Intended Benefits

- Enhanced Scalability
- Performance
- Fault Tolerance / Load Balancing
- Cost Efficiency
 - Provides Large Compute Resource w/o Single HPC
- Mobile High Performance Parallelized Computing



Current Working Implementation

- Allows users to execute Parsl apps on a singular funcX endpoint
 - Behavior Mostly Consistent w/ Local Thread Execution
 - Observed Unexpected Behavior (TypeError):
 - test_fail.py
 - test_no_deps
 - test_file_apps.py
 - test_files
 - test_increment
- funcX Config File and Executor Implementation
- **Not end goal**
 - Parallelization Amongst Multiple Endpoints / Systems

Current Working Implementation Results

Drawbacks:

- Singular Endpoint Execution
 - Does Not Leverage Multi-endpoint Parallelization
- Limited Parallelization
 - # of Workers Initialized w/ Endpoint

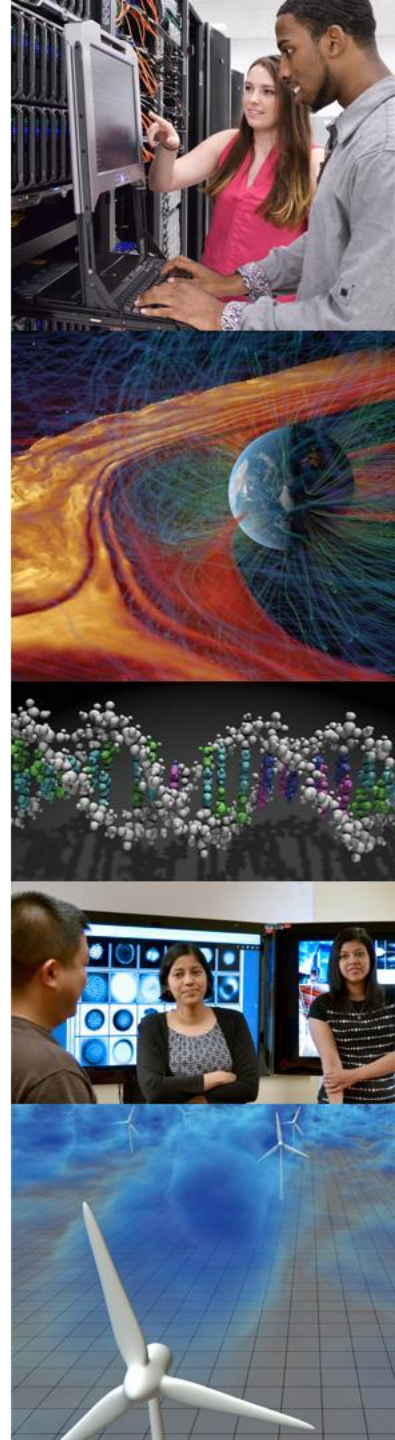
Benefits / Takeaways:

- FuncX Endpoints Can Execute Parsl Apps
- Intersection Between FuncXVisualize and ParslVisualize
 - Research => Understanding Relationships
- Development Experience
 - Exposure to Globus Compute, Parsl, and General Dev. Practices

Multiple Endpoint Implementation

Requirements and Design:

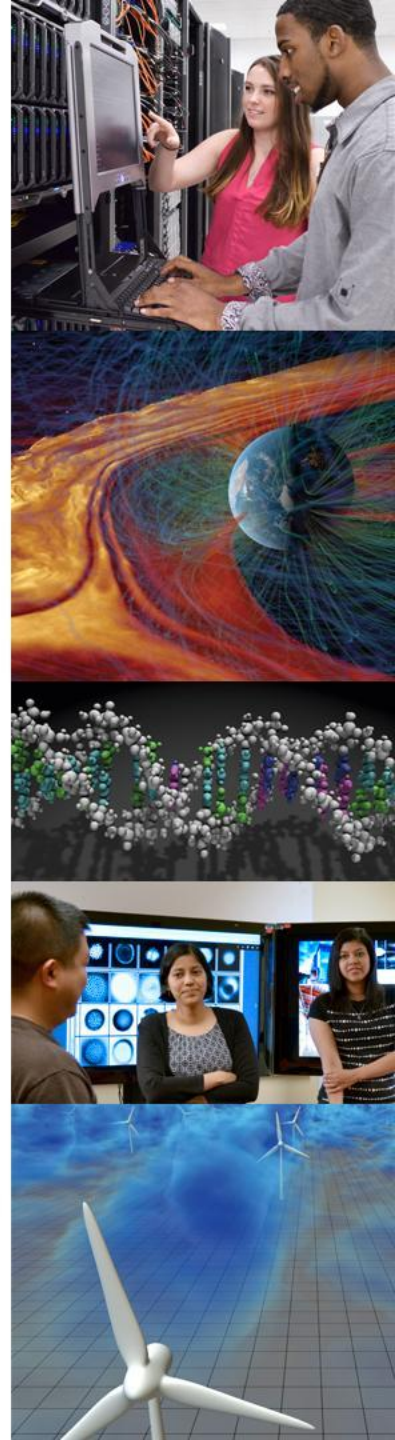
- Pending Tasks (No Endpoint Available)
 - Organized Based on Dependencies (Topological)
 - Data Flow Kernel and Executor Implementations
- Receiving and Interpreting Results
 - Response_Queue, Update Endpoint Pool, Log File
- Endpoint Scheduling System
 - Endpoint Pool
 - Separate Sets of Available and All Endpoints
 - Available => Assigning Tasks
 - All => Endpoint Status Queries



Multiple Endpoint Implementation

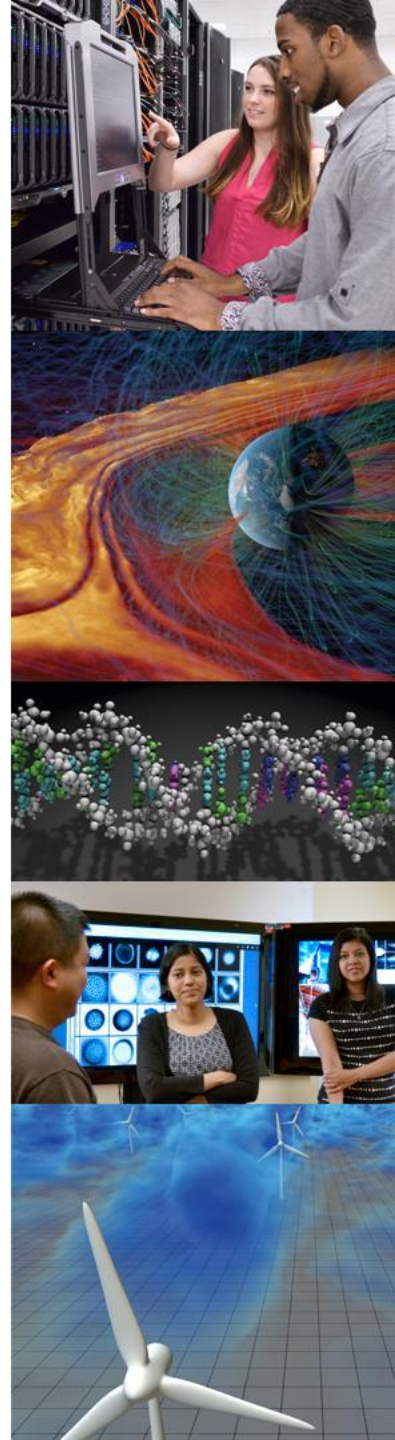
Requirements and Design Continued:

- Modular Parallelization
 - Pre-determined threads_per_endpoint
 - Pre-initialized cores per thread
 - Task Categorization (e.g. Core Requirement)
 - Submit to Thread Closest to Core Requirement
- Race Condition Handling
 - Locks / Mutexes When Updating Lists / Queues
 - Leverage multiprocessing.Queue (Thread Safe)
- **Most Importantly: User Interaction**
 - Params Include User Provided List of Registered Endpoints
 - Discussion Point: Pair Task w/ Core Requirement



Past Roadblocks

- Version Control
 - Uniform Python Version, Conda Environment
- Pytest / Program Execution
 - Importance of Vanilla Terminal
 - VSCode Terminal
 - AMPQS Connection Rejection
 - SSL Certificate Verification Issues
- Leverage Existing Globus Compute Tools
 - Server Self-Diagnostic
 - Monitoring Endpoint Status / Updating Globus
- FuncX Endpoint Information
 - Workers, Cores, Status



Upcoming / Future Objectives

- Flush Out Executor Pool
 - Ensure Optimal Thread Usage Behavior
 - Optional Parameter: Task Core Requirement
- Execution Result Queue / List
 - Context Regarding Execution Status
 - Log File Generation
 - Temporary Return Values => User
 - Associating Return Values w/ Appropriate Futures
 - Optional Parameter: Boolean (Aggregated Value Handling)
 - Temporary Result (Execution Failures)

Ved Kommalapati

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- Slack:
 - Parsl Channel
 - FuncX Channel
- **FuncXVisualize (Prev Project)**
 - Visualizations or FuncX Data Required for Analysis
 - Log File Adjustments
 - Parsl FuncX Intersection

Thank You!

- Dr. Daniel S. Katz
- Mr. Ben Clifford
- Globally Distributed funcX and Parsl Teams
 - University of Illinois
 - University of Chicago
 - Argonne National Laboratory
- NCSA (SPIN)

